
helios Documentation

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Use the Helios APIs in Python.

Helios® weather analytics from Harris Corporation provide fast and accurate local ground weather intelligence to assist organizations with real-time decision making. Helios analyzes content from thousands of existing public and private video cameras, providing immediate confirmation of ground weather condition changes at a detailed local level. For more details, refer to helios.earth.

The Helios SDK brings the core API functionality along with extensions to Python. Many of the capabilities are thread-enabled allowing for batch jobs. The overall goal is to provide the tools necessary to quickly begin using the Helios product.

For further developer information, refer to [the Helios developer documentation](#).

1.1 Install from PyPI (recommended)

```
pip install helios-sdk
```

1.2 Install from source (bleeding edge)

Clone the GitHub repository:

```
git clone https://github.com/harris-helios/helios-sdk-python.git
```

Then `cd` to the `helios-sdk-python` directory and run the install command:

```
cd helios-sdk-python  
pip install .
```


All Helios API methods require valid authentication and are protected using the OAuth 2.0 “client credentials” flow. The general process for authenticating requests involves first requesting an access token using the developer API key pair, and then requesting protected data using the access token. [Request access](#) if you would like to obtain an API key.

2.1 Using Environment Variables

1. Add **“helios_client_id”**: “your ID key”
2. Add **“helios_client_secret”**: “your secret key”
3. Add **“helios_api_url”**: “API URL associated with your account credentials”
 - **“helios_api_url”** is optional.

2.2 Using an Authentication File

1. Create a **“.helios”** directory in your home directory.
2. Create a **“credentials.json”** file in your **“.helios”** directory.
3. Copy and paste the following into the **“credentials.json”** file and fill in your authentication values.
 - **“helios_api_url”** is optional. If you do not need a custom API URL leave this out of your json file or set to null.

```
{
  "helios_client_id" : "your ID key" ,
  "helios_client_secret" : "your secret key",
  "helios_api_url" : null
}
```

For more information refer to the Helios authentication [documentation](#).

3.1 Creating Instances

Instances of the core APIs are easy to create.

```
import helios
alerts = helios.Alerts()
cameras = helios.Cameras()
observations = helios.Observations()
collections = helios.Collections()
```

Each instance will internally initialize a Helios *Session* and call *start_session*.

3.2 Examples

3.2.1 Find alerts

```
import helios
alerts = helios.Alerts()

# Retrieve results for New York.
ny_alert_results = alerts.index(state='New York')

# Gather the camera IDs from the results.
ny_alert_ids = ny_alert_results.id
```

- `ny_alert_results` is an instance of *AlertsFeatureCollection*.

3.2.2 Find camera times and download images

```
import helios
import numpy as np

cameras = helios.Cameras()

# Find cameras in Maryland.
md_cam_results = cameras.index(state='Maryland')
cam_id = md_cam_results.id[0]

# Find image times for the given camera id.
image_times = cameras.images(cam_id, '2018-01-01')

# Download the images.
show_image_results = cameras.show_image(cam_id,
                                         image_times,
                                         out_dir='/temp/data',
                                         return_image_data=True)

# Get a list of image data. (return_image_data was True)
img_data = show_image_results.image_data
```

- `md_cam_results` is an instance of *CamerasFeatureCollection*.
- `show_image_results` is an instance of *ImageCollection*.

3.2.3 Find observations and work with collections

```
import helios
import requests
from helios.utilities import parsing_utils

observations = helios.Observations()
collections = helios.Collections()

# Find Observations
index_results = observations.index(state='georgia',
                                   sensors='sensors[visibility]=0',
                                   time_min='2018-02-10T18:00Z',
                                   time_max='2018-02-10T18:15Z')

# Get id for each observation feature.
ids = [x.id for x in index_results]

# Convenience properties also exist for combining attributes from all features.
ids_1 = index_results.id

# Create new collection.
new_id = collections.create('Temp Collection', 'example collection', ['test', 'temp'])

# Add Observations to collection.
payload = [{'observation_id': x} for x in ids]
add_result = collections.add_image(new_id, payload)

# Check for http failures.
```

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```
if len(add_result.failed) > 0:
    print('Failures occurred!')

# Simple data analysis - find all unique cameras for the added observation images.
ims = collections.images(new_id)
cams = set([parsing_utils.parse_camera(x) for x in ims])
```

- `index_results` is an instance of *ObservationsFeatureCollection*.
- `add_result` is an instance of *RecordCollection*.

CHAPTER 4

Session Instances

A Helios `Session` depends on properly established authentication procedures. See [Authentication](#) for more information. It also stores your authentication information and will fetch an API token. This token is required for any API queries.

Once a session has been created, the token will be written to a `.helios_token` file in your home directory. This token will be reused until it becomes invalid.

4.1 Creating a Session

If authentication is stored on your machine starting a session is simple. Create a `Session` instance without any inputs. The authentication information stored on your machine will automatically be applied.

```
import helios
sess = helios.Session()
```

This will automatically make a call to the `start_session` method to fetch the token.

If successful, the `sess` instance will now have all the authentication information needed to be using the core APIs.

4.1.1 Token Expiration

Restarting Python if your token expires while the SDK is in use is not necessary. Call `start_session` to perform the token verification process. This will acquire a new token if it has expired.

After the a token has been re-acquired you will need to create new core API instances using the session.

4.2 Reusing a Session

Creating a `Session` instance allows you to use a single instance across all Core APIs. This avoids multiple token verifications with the initialization of every Core API instance.

```
import helios
sess = helios.Session()
alerts = helios.Alerts(session=sess)
cameras = helios.Cameras(session=sess)
```

In the above code `sess` is started once and used across *Alerts* and *Cameras*.

4.3 Using a Custom `env`

When creating a *Session* instance an optional input variable, `env`, can be used for dynamic credential usage.

This optional input must consist of a dictionary containing all necessary information for authentication.

```
custom_env = {'helios_client_id': 'your ID key',
              'helios_client_secret': 'your secret key',
              'helios_api_url': 'optional API URL override'}
sess = helios.Session(env=custom_env)
sess.start_session()
```


CHAPTER 5

License

The HeliosSDK is released under terms of [MIT license](#).

6.1 Alerts

Helios Alerts API.

Methods are meant to represent the core functionality in the developer documentation. Some may have additional functionality for convenience.

class `helios.alerts_api.Alerts` (*session=None*)

Helios alerts provide real-time severe weather alerts.

National Weather Service:

- Severe weather alerts for the United States are provided by the National Weather Service. These alerts cover events such as Flood Warnings, Severe Thunderstorm Warnings, and Special Weather Statements.

Helios:

- Alerts generated by Helios are based on the sensor measurements from the Observations API. These alerts represent regional areas with a high detection confidence and currently include: Road Wetness Watch, Poor Visibility Watch, and Heavy Precip Watch.

index (***kwargs*)

Get alerts matching the provided spatial, text, or metadata filters.

The maximum skip value is 4000. If this is reached, truncated results will be returned. You will need to refine your query to avoid this.

Parameters ***kwargs* – Any keyword arguments found in the [alerts_index_documentation](#).

Returns `AlertsFeatureCollection`

show (*alert_ids*)

Get attributes for alerts.

Parameters *alert_ids* (*str* or *sequence of strs*) – Helios alert ID(s).

Returns `AlertsFeatureCollection`

class `helios.alerts_api.AlertsFeature` (*feature*)
Individual Alert GeoJSON feature.

area_description
str – ‘areaDesc’ value for the feature.

bbox
sequence of floats – ‘bbox’ value for the feature.

category
str – ‘category’ value for the feature.

certainty
str – ‘certainty’ value for the feature.

country
str – ‘country’ value for the feature.

description
str – ‘description’ value for the feature.

effective
str – ‘effective’ value for the feature.

event
str – ‘event’ value for the feature.

expires
str – ‘expires’ value for the feature.

headline
str – ‘headline’ value for the feature.

id
str – ‘id’ value for the feature.

json
dict – Raw ‘json’ for the feature.

origin
str – ‘origin’ value for the feature.

severity
str – ‘severity’ value for the feature.

states
sequence of strs – ‘states’ value for the feature.

status
str – ‘status’ value for the feature.

urgency
str – ‘urgency’ value for the feature.

class `helios.alerts_api.AlertsFeatureCollection` (*content, records*)
Iterable for GeoJSON features obtained via the Alerts API.

All features within `IndexResults` are instances of `AlertsFeature`

area_description
‘areaDesc’ values for every feature.

bbox
‘bbox’ values for every feature.

category
 'category' values for every feature.

certainty
 'certainty' values for every feature.

country
 'country' values for every feature.

description
 'description' values for every feature.

effective
 'effective' values for every feature.

event
 'event' values for every feature.

expires
 'expires' values for every feature.

failed
 Records for queries that failed.

headline
 'headline' values for every feature.

id
 'id' values for every feature.

json
 Raw 'json' for every feature.

origin
 'origin' values for every feature.

severity
 'severity' values for every feature.

states
 'states' values for every feature.

status
 'status' values for every feature.

succeeded
 Records for queries that succeeded.

urgency
 'urgency' values for every feature.

6.2 Cameras

Helios Cameras API.

Methods are meant to represent the core functionality in the developer documentation. Some may have additional functionality for convenience.

class `helios.cameras_api.Cameras` (*session=None*)

The Cameras API provides access to all cameras in the Helios Network.

images (*camera_id*, *start_time*, *end_time*=None, *limit*=500)

Get the image times available for a given camera in the media cache.

The media cache contains all recent images archived by Helios, either for internal analytics or for end user recording purposes.

Parameters

- **camera_id** (*str*) – Camera ID.
- **start_time** (*str*) – Starting image timestamp, specified in UTC as an ISO 8601 string (e.g. 2014-08-01 or 2014-08-01T12:34:56.000Z).
- **end_time** (*str*, *optional*) – Ending image timestamp, specified in UTC as an ISO 8601 string (e.g. 2014-08-01 or 2014-08-01T12:34:56.000Z).
- **limit** (*int*, *optional*) – Number of images to be returned, up to a max of 500. Defaults to 500.

Returns Image times.

Return type sequence of strs

index (***kwargs*)

Get cameras matching the provided spatial, text, or metadata filters.

The maximum skip value is 4000. If this is reached, truncated results will be returned. You will need to refine your query to avoid this.

Parameters ****kwargs** – Any keyword arguments found in the [cameras_index_documentation](#).

Returns *CamerasFeatureCollection*

show (*camera_ids*)

Get attributes for cameras.

Parameters **camera_ids** (*str or sequence of strs*) – Helios camera ID(s).

Returns *CamerasFeatureCollection*

show_image (*camera_id*, *times*, *out_dir*=None, *return_image_data*=False)

Get images from the media cache.

The media cache contains all recent images archived by Helios, either for internal analytics or for end user recording purposes.

Parameters

- **camera_id** (*str*) – Camera ID.
- **times** (*str or sequence of strs*) – Image times, specified in UTC as an ISO 8601 string (e.g. 2017-08-01 or 2017-08-01T12:34:56.000Z). The image with the closest matching timestamp will be returned.
- **out_dir** (*optional*, *str*) – Directory to write images to. Defaults to None.
- **return_image_data** (*optional*, *bool*) – If True images will be returned as `numpy.ndarrays`. Defaults to False.

Returns *ImageCollection*

class `helios.cameras_api.CamerasFeature` (*feature*)

Individual Camera GeoJSON feature.

city
str – ‘city’ value for the feature.

country
str – ‘country’ value for the feature.

description
str – ‘description’ value for the feature.

direction
str – ‘direction’ value for the feature.

id
str – ‘id’ value for the feature.

json
dict – Raw ‘json’ for the feature.

region
str – ‘region’ value for the feature.

state
str – ‘state’ value for the feature.

video
bool – ‘video’ value for the feature.

class `helios.cameras_api.CamerasFeatureCollection` (*content, records*)

Iterable for GeoJSON features obtained via the Cameras API.

All features within ShowResults are instances of *CamerasFeature*

city
‘city’ values for every feature.

coordinates
‘coordinate’ values for every feature.

country
‘country’ values for every feature.

description
‘description’ values for every feature.

direction
‘direction’ values for every feature.

failed
Records for queries that failed.

id
‘id’ values for every feature.

json
Raw ‘json’ for every feature.

region
‘region’ values for every feature.

state
‘state’ values for every feature.

succeeded
Records for queries that succeeded.

video

‘video’ values for every feature.

6.3 Collections

Helios Collections API.

Methods are meant to represent the core functionality in the developer documentation. Some may have additional functionality for convenience.

class `helios.collections_api.Collections` (*session=None*)

The Collections API allows users to group and organize individual image frames.

Collections are intended to be short-lived resources and will be accessible for 90 days from the time the collection was created. After that time period has expired, the collection and all associated imagery will be removed from the system.

add_image (*collection_id, assets*)

Add images to a collection from Helios assets.

assets dictionary templates:

```
# Asset examples that can be included in the `assets` input list.
{'camera_id': ''}
{'camera_id': '', 'time': ''}
{'observation_id': ''}
{'collection_id': '', 'image': ''}
```

Usage example:

```
import helios
collections = helios.Collections()
camera_id = '...'
times = [...] # List of image times.
destination_id = '...'
data = [{'camera_id': camera_id, 'time': x} for x in times]
collections.add_image(destination_id, data)
```

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID.
- **assets** (*dict or sequence of dicts*) – Data containing any of these payloads (camera_id), (camera_id, time), (observation_id), (collection_id, image). E.g. `data = [{'camera_id': 'cam_01', 'time': '2017-01-01T00:00:00Z'}]`

Returns *RecordCollection*

copy (*collection_id, new_name*)

Copy a collection and its contents to a new collection.

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID.
- **new_name** (*str*) – New collection name.

Returns New collection ID.

Return type `str`

create (*name, description, tags=None*)

Create a new collection.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Display name for the collection.
- **description** (*str*) – Description for the collection.
- **tags** (*str or sequence of strs, optional*) – Optional comma-delimited keyword tags to be added to the collection.

Returns New collection ID.

Return type *str*

destroy (*collection_id*)

Delete an empty collection.

If the collection is not empty, delete will fail. Use the [empty](#) method to remove all imagery before calling this method.

Parameters **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection to delete.

Returns {ok: true}

Return type dict

empty (*collection_id*)

Bulk remove (up to 1000) images from a collection.

Parameters **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection to empty.

Returns {ok: true, total: 1000}

Return type dict

images (*collection_id, camera=None, old_flag=False*)

Get all image names in a given collection.

When using the optional camera input parameter only images from that camera will be returned.

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID.
- **camera** (*str, optional*) – Camera ID to be found.
- **old_flag** (*bool, optional*) – Flag for finding old format image names. When True images that do not contain md5 hashes at the start of their name will be found.

Returns Image names.

Return type sequence of strs

index (***kwargs*)

Get collections matching the provided spatial, text, or metadata filters.

The maximum skip value is 4000. If this is reached, truncated results will be returned. You will need to refine your query to avoid this.

Parameters ****kwargs** – Any keyword arguments found in the [collections_index_documentation](#).

Returns *CollectionsFeatureCollection*

remove_image (*collection_id, names*)

Remove images from a collection.

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID to remove images from.
- **names** (*str or sequence of str*s) – List of image names to be removed.

Returns *RecordCollection*

show (*collection_id*, *limit=200*, *marker=None*)

Get the attributes and image list for collections.

The results will also contain image names available in the collection. These are limited to a maximum of 200 per query.

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID.
- **limit** (*int, optional*) – Number of image names to be returned with each response. Defaults to 200. Max value of 200 is allowed.
- **marker** (*str, optional*) – Pagination marker. If the marker is an exact match to an existing image, the next image after the marker will be the first image returned. Therefore, for normal linked list pagination, specify the last image name from the current response as the marker value in the next request. Partial file names may be specified, in which case the first matching result will be the first image returned.

Returns *CollectionsFeature*

show_image (*collection_id*, *image_names*, *out_dir=None*, *return_image_data=False*)

Get images from a collection.

Parameters

- **collection_id** (*str*) – Collection ID to add images into.
- **image_names** (*str or sequence of str*s) – Image names.
- **out_dir** (*optional, str*) – Directory to write images to. Defaults to None.
- **return_image_data** (*optional, bool*) – If True images will be returned as `numpy.ndarrays`. Defaults to False.

Returns *ImageCollection*

update (*collections_id*, *name=None*, *description=None*, *tags=None*)

Update a collection.

Parameters

- **collections_id** (*str*) – Collection ID.
- **name** (*str, optional*) – Name to be changed to.
- **description** (*str, optional*) – Description to be changed to.
- **tags** (*str or sequence of str*s, *optional*) – Optional comma-delimited keyword tags to be changed to.

class `helios.collections_api.CollectionsFeature` (*feature*)

Individual Collection JSON result.

bucket

str – ‘bucket’ value for the result.

created_at

str – ‘city’ value for the result.

description

str – ‘created_at’ value for the result.

id

str – ‘_id’ value for the result.

images

*sequence of str*s – ‘images’ value for the result.

json

dict – Raw JSON result.

name

str – ‘name’ value for the result.

tags

*sequence of str*s – ‘tags’ value for the result.

updated_at

str – ‘updated_at’ value for the result.

user_id

str – ‘user_id’ value for the result.

class `helios.collections_api.CollectionsFeatureCollection` (*content, records*)

Iterable for features obtained via the Collections API.

All features within `CollectionsFeatureCollection` are instances of `CollectionsFeature`

bucket

‘bucket’ values for every result.

created_at

‘city’ values for every result.

description

‘created_at’ values for every result.

failed

Records for queries that failed.

id

‘_id’ values for every result.

json

Raw ‘json’ for every feature.

name

‘name’ values for every result.

succeeded

Records for queries that succeeded.

tags

‘tags’ values for every result.

updated_at

‘updated_at’ values for every result.

user_id

‘user_id’ values for every result.

6.4 Observations

Helios Observations API.

Methods are meant to represent the core functionality in the developer documentation. Some may have additional functionality for convenience.

class `helios.observations_api.Observations` (*session=None*)

The Observations API provides ground-truth data generated by the Helios analytics.

index (***kwargs*)

Get observations matching the provided spatial, text, or metadata filters.

The maximum skip value is 4000. If this is reached, truncated results will be returned. You will need to refine your query to avoid this.

Usage example:

```
import helios
obs = helios.Observations()
state = 'Maryland'
bbox = [-169.352, 1.137, -1.690, 64.008]
sensors = 'sensors[visibility][min]=0&sensors[visibility][max]=1'
results = obs.index(state=state,
                    bbox=bbox,
                    sensors=sensors)
```

Usage example for transitions:

```
import helios
obs = helios.Observations()
# transition from dry/wet to partial/fully-covered snow roads
sensors = 'sensors[road_weather][data][min]=6&sensors[road_
↩weather][prev][max]=3'
results = obs.index(sensors=sensors_query)
```

Parameters ***kwargs* – Any keyword arguments found in the [observa-tions_index_documentation](#).

Returns *ObservationsFeatureCollection*

preview (*observation_ids, out_dir=None, return_image_data=False*)

Get preview images from observations.

Parameters

- **observation_ids** (*str or sequence of strs*) – list of observation IDs.
- **out_dir** (*optional, str*) – Directory to write images to. Defaults to None.
- **return_image_data** (*optional, bool*) – If True images will be returned as `numpy.ndarrays`. Defaults to False.

Returns *ImageCollection*

show (*observation_ids*)

Get attributes for observations.

Parameters **observation_ids** (*str or sequence of strs*) – Helios observation ID(s).

Returns *ObservationsFeatureCollection*

class helios.observations_api.**ObservationsFeature** (*feature*)
Individual Observation GeoJSON feature.

city
str – ‘city’ value for the feature.

country
str – ‘country’ value for the feature.

description
str – ‘description’ value for the feature.

id
str – ‘id’ value for the feature.

json
dict – Raw JSON feature.

prev_id
str – ‘prev_id’ value for the feature.

region
str – ‘region’ value for the feature.

sensors
dict – ‘sensors’ value for the feature.

state
str – ‘state’ value for the feature.

time
str – ‘time’ value for the feature.

class helios.observations_api.**ObservationsFeatureCollection** (*content, records*)
Iterable for GeoJSON features obtained via the Observations API.

All features within ShowResults are instances of *ObservationsFeature*

city
‘city’ values for every feature.

country
‘country’ values for every feature.

description
‘description’ values for every feature.

failed
Records for queries that failed.

id
‘id’ values for every feature.

json
Raw ‘json’ for every feature.

prev_id
‘prev_id’ values for every feature.

region
‘region’ values for every feature.

sensors

‘sensors’ values for every feature.

sensors_to_dataframes (*output_dir=None, prefix=None*)

Combine sensor blocks and other useful feature information for observations into Pandas DataFrame objects.

DataFrames will contain the time, value, previous value, observation ID, and previous observation ID from each feature.

Optionally, DataFrames can be written to CSV files. These will follow the format of {prefix}_{sensor_name}.csv.

Parameters

- **output_dir** (*str, optional*) – Output directory to write files to. If None, then no files will be written. Defaults to None.
- **prefix** (*str, optional*) – Prefix to append to filenames. If None, no prefix will be prepended. Defaults to None.

Returns Pandas DataFrame objects for each sensor.

Return type dict

state

‘state’ values for every feature.

succeeded

Records for queries that succeeded.

time

‘time’ values for every feature.

Manager for the authorization token required to access the Helios API.

class `helios.core.session.Session` (*env=None*)

Manages API tokens for authentication.

Authentication credentials can be specified using the `env` input parameter, environment variables, or a `credentials.json` file in your `~/helios` directory. See the official documentation for more authentication information.

Required keys:

- `helios_client_id`: Client ID from API key pair.
- `helios_client_secret`: Client Secret ID from API key pair.

Optional keys:

- `helios_api_url`: Optional, URL for API endpoint.

A session can be established and reused for multiple core API instances.

```
import helios
sess = helios.Session()
alerts = helios.Alerts(session=sess)
cameras = helios.Cameras(session=sess)
```

If a session is not specified before hand, one will be initialized automatically. This is less efficient because each core API instance will try to initialize a session.

```
import helios
alerts = helios.Alerts()
cameras = helios.Cameras()
```

start_session()

Begins Helios session.

This will establish and verify a token for the session. If a token file exists the token will be read and verified. If the token file doesn't exist or the token has expired then a new token will be acquired.

verify_token()

Verifies the token.

If the token is bad or if the expiration time is less than the threshold False will be returned.

Returns True if current token is valid, False otherwise.

Return type bool

Base data structures for the SDK.

class `helios.core.structure.ContentCollection` (*content*, *raw_data=None*)

Base class for feature/data results, i.e. `content`.

This is a general purpose iterable for content data from the SDK. Specific functionality will be defined in child classes.

Content is a general term for return data from the various API calls implemented within the SDK. For example, index queries return GeoJSON feature collections. Therefore, `content` will be a list of all the returned features within the GeoJSON feature collection.

content

sequence – Content that will be the elements in the iterator.

raw_data

sequence – Raw data for debugging.

class `helios.core.structure.ImageCollection` (*content*, *records*)

Iterable for the fetched image content. Each element will be an ndarray if `return_image_data` was True.

failed

Records for queries that failed.

image_data

Image data if `return_image_data` was True.

name

Names of all images.

output_file

Full paths to all written images.

succeeded

Records for queries that succeeded.

```
class helios.core.structure.ImageRecord(message=None, query=None, content=None, error=None, name=None, output_file=None)
```

Record class for images.

Parameters

- **message** (*tuple*) – Original message. This will be a namedtuple containing all the inputs for an individual call within a batch job.
- **query** (*str*) – API query.
- **content** (*numpy.ndarray*) – Image as a Numpy ndarray.
- **error** (*exception*) – Exception that occurred, if any.
- **name** (*str*) – Name of image.
- **output_file** (*str*) – Full path to image file that was written.

ok

Check if failure occurred.

Returns False if error occurred, and True otherwise.

Return type bool

```
class helios.core.structure.Record(message=None, query=None, content=None, error=None)
```

Record class for general use.

Parameters

- **message** (*tuple*) – Original message. This will be a namedtuple containing all the inputs for an individual call within a batch job.
- **query** (*str*) – API query.
- **content** – Returned content. To be defined by method.
- **error** (*exception*) – Exception that occurred, if any.

ok

Check if failure occurred.

Returns False if error occurred, and True otherwise.

Return type bool

```
class helios.core.structure.RecordCollection(content, records)
```

Base class for batch jobs dealing with Records.

This class is a variation of the FeatureCollection class to work with Records. The content attribute will be extracted from each record. Usage is the same as a ContentCollection, but the `_raw` attribute will give access to the underlying Records.

content

sequence – Content that will be the elements in the iterator.

records

sequence of Records – Raw record data for debugging purposes.

failed

Records for queries that failed.

succeeded

Records for queries that succeeded.

9.1 json_utils

Helper functions for JSON objects.

`helios.utilities.json_utils.merge_json(data, keys)`

Merge JSON fields into a single list.

Keys can either be a single string or a list of strings signifying a chain of “keys” into the dictionary.

Parameters

- **data** (*list*) – Dictionary to merge data from.
- **keys** (*str or sequence of str*s) – A chain of keys into the dictionary to get to the field that will be merged.

Returns Merged values.

Return type list

`helios.utilities.json_utils.read_json_file(json_file, **kwargs)`

Read a json file.

Parameters

- **json_file** (*str*) – Full path to JSON file.
- ****kwargs** – Any keyword argument from the `json.load` method.

Returns JSON formatted dictionary.

Return type dict

`helios.utilities.json_utils.read_json_string(json_string, **kwargs)`

Convert JSON formatted string to JSON.

Parameters

- **json_string** (*str*) – JSON formatted string.

- ****kwargs** – Any keyword argument from the `json.loads` method.

Returns JSON formatted dictionary.

Return type dict

`helios.utilities.json_utils.write_json(json_dict, file_name, **kwargs)`

Write JSON dictionary to file.

Parameters

- **json_dict** (*dict*) – JSON formatted dictionary.
- **file_name** (*str*) – Output file name.
- ****kwargs** – Any keyword argument from the `json.dump` method.

Returns None

9.2 parsing_utils

Helper functions for paths and URLs.

`helios.utilities.parsing_utils.parse_camera(data)`

Parse camera name from a URL or image name.

Parameters **data** (*str*) – Image URL or name.

Returns Camera name.

Return type str

`helios.utilities.parsing_utils.parse_image_name(url)`

Parse image name from a URL.

Parameters **url** (*str*) – Image URL.

Returns Image name.

Return type str

`helios.utilities.parsing_utils.parse_time(data)`

Parse time from a URL or image name.

Parameters **data** (*str*) – Image URL or name.

Returns The parsed time as a datetime object.

Return type datetime.datetime

`helios.utilities.parsing_utils.parse_url(url)`

Parse a URL into its components.

Parameters **url** (*str*) – Image URL.

Returns Parsed URL.

Return type urllib.parse.ParseResult

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